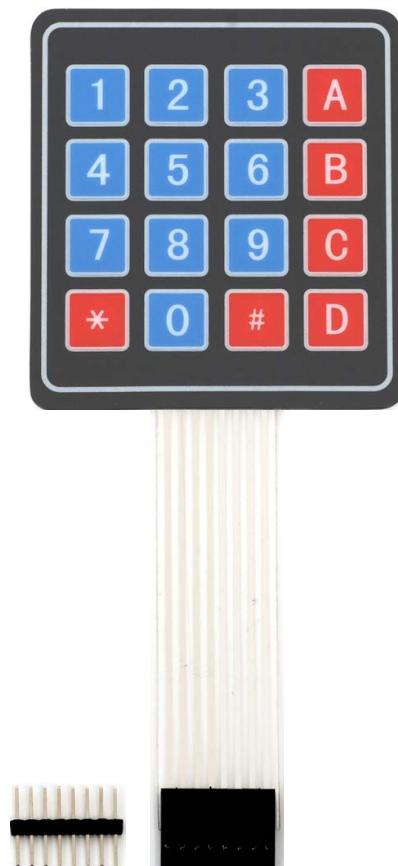


4x4 Matrix Membrane Keypad

User Manual



How it Works

Matrix keypads use a combination of four rows and four columns to provide button states to the host device, typically a microcontroller. Underneath each key is a pushbutton, with one end connected to one row, and the other end connected to one column. These connections are shown in Figure 1.

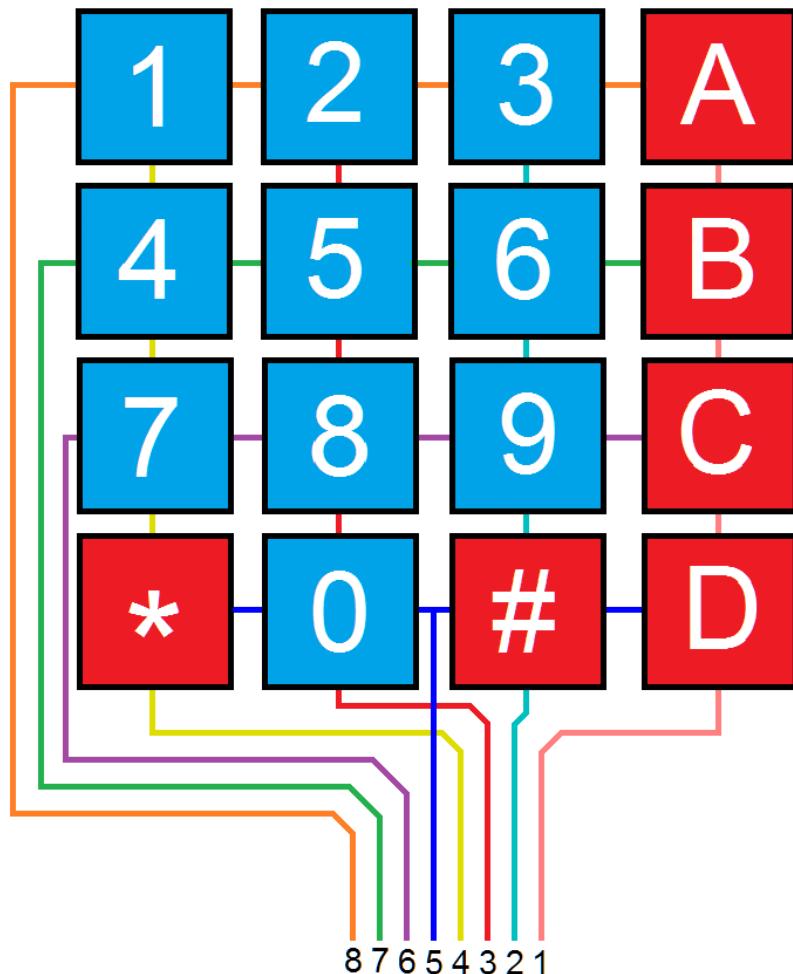


Figure 1: Matrix Keypad Connections

In order for the microcontroller to determine which button is pressed, it first needs to pull each of the four columns (pins 1-4) either low or high one at a time, and then poll the states of the four rows (pins 5-8). Depending on the states of the columns, the microcontroller can tell which button is pressed.

For example, say your program pulls all four columns low and then pulls the first row high. It then reads the input states of each column, and reads pin 1 high. This means that a contact has been made between column 1 and row 1, so button 'A' has been pressed.

Connection Diagrams

Figure 2

For use with the BASIC Stamp example program listed below.

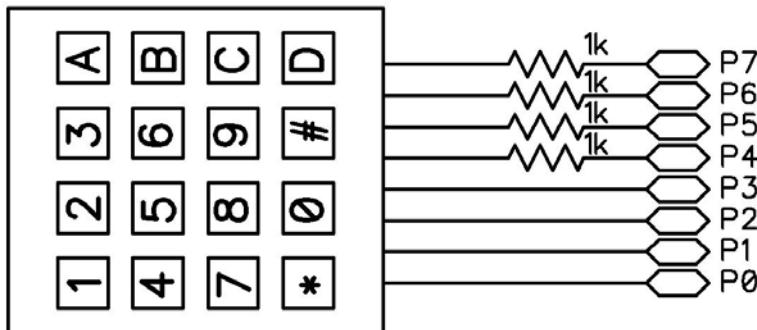
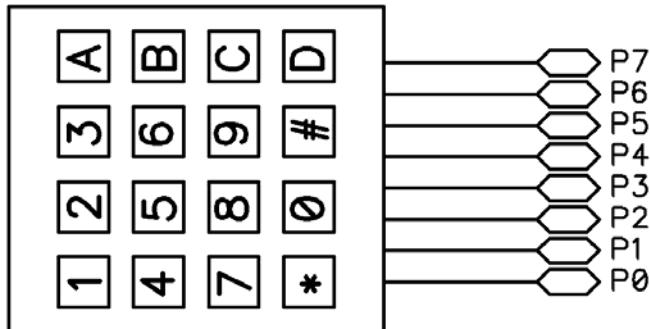


Figure 3

For use with the Propeller P8X32A example program listed below.



BASIC Stamp® Example Code

The example code below displays the button states of the 4x4 Matrix Membrane Keypad. It uses the Debug Terminal, which is built into the BASIC Stamp Editor software. The software is a free download from www.parallax.com/basicstampsoftware.

```

IF keypad <> keypadOld THEN                                ' If different button is pressed,
    GOSUB Update                                         ' update the keypad graphic to clear
ENDIF                                                       ' old display

IF keypad THEN                                            ' Display button pressed in graphic
    GOSUB display
ENDIF

keypadOld = keypad                                         ' Store keypad value in variable keypadOld
LOOP

' -----[ Subroutine - ReadKeypad ]-----
' Read keypad button states
ReadKeypad:
    keypad = 0
    OUTL   = %00000000                                     ' Initialize IO
    DIRL   = %00000000

    FOR row = 0 TO 3
        DIRB = %1111                                      ' Set columns (P7-P4) as outputs
        OUTB = %0000                                      ' Pull columns low (act as pull down)
        OUTA = 1 << row                                    ' Set rows high one by one
        DIRA = 1 << row

        temp = 0                                           ' Reset temp variable to 0
        FOR column = 0 TO 3
            INPUT (column + 4)                            ' Set columns as inputs
            temp = temp | (INB & (1 << column))          ' Poll column state and store in temp
        NEXT

        keypad = keypad << 4 | (Temp REV 4)                ' Store keypad value
    NEXT
RETURN

' -----[ Subroutine - Update ]-----
' Graphical depiction of keypad
Update:
    DEBUG CRSRXY,0,7,
    "+---+---+---+---+",CR,
    " | | | | | ",CR,
    "+---+---+---+---+"
RETURN

' -----[ Subroutine - Display ]-----
' Display button pressed in keypad graphic
Display:
    IF KeyPad.BIT15 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 02,08,"1"
    IF Keypad.BIT14 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 06,08,"2"
    IF KeyPad.BIT13 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 10,08,"3"
    IF Keypad.BIT12 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 14,08,"A"
    IF KeyPad.BIT11 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 02,10,"4"
    IF Keypad.BIT10 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 06,10,"5"
    IF KeyPad.BIT9  THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 10,10,"6"
    IF Keypad.BIT8  THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 14,10,"B"
    IF KeyPad.BIT7  THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 02,12,"7"
    IF Keypad.BIT6  THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 06,12,"8"
    IF KeyPad.BIT5  THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 10,12,"9"

```

```

IF Keypad.BIT4 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 14,12,"C"
IF KeyPad.BIT3 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 02,14,"*"
IF Keypad.BIT2 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 06,14,"0"
IF KeyPad.BIT1 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 10,14,"#"
IF Keypad.BIT0 THEN DEBUG CRSRXY, 14,14,"D"
RETURN

```

Propeller™ P8X32A Example Code

The example code below displays the button states of the 4x4 Matrix Membrane Keypad, and is a modified version of the 4x4 Keypad Reader DEMO object by Beau Schwabe.

Note: This application uses the 4x4 Keypad Reader.spin object. It also uses the Parallax Serial Terminal to display the device output. Both objects and the Parallax Serial Terminal itself are included with the Propeller Tool v1.2.7 or higher, which is available from the Downloads link at www.parallax.com/Propeller.

```

{{ 4x4 Keypad Reader PST.spin
Returns the entire 4x4 keypad matrix into a single WORD variable indicating which buttons are
pressed. }}

CON

_clkmode = xtall + pll16x
_xinfreq = 5_000_000

OBJ
text : "Parallax Serial Terminal"
KP : "4x4 Keypad Reader"

VAR
word keypad

PUB start
start term
text.start(115200)
text.str(string(13,"4x4 Keypad Demo..."))
text.position(1, 7)
text.str(string(13,"RAW keypad value 'word'"))

text.position(1, 13)
text.str(string(13,"Note: Try pressing multiple keys"))

repeat
keypad := KP.ReadKeyPad      '--> One line command to read the 4x4 keypad
text.position(5, 2)           'Display 1st ROW
text.bin(keypad>>0, 4)
text.position(5, 3)           'Display 2nd ROW
text.bin(keypad>>4, 4)
text.position(5, 4)           'Display 3rd ROW
text.bin(keypad>>8, 4)
text.position(5, 5)           'Display 4th ROW
text.bin(keypad>>12, 4)
text.position(5, 9)
text.bin(keypad, 16)          'Display RAW keypad value

```