# the product:

Enabling Wave Soldering
Flux Technology for LeadFree Processing

ALPHA® EF-8000

product guide





shared intelligence

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#### Introduction

EF-8000 is designed to make your transition from tin-lead to lead free wave soldering as efficient and profitable as possible. It provides best in class productivity with lead free wave soldering applications, and is an excellent choice for your remaining tin-lead production line(s).

| Feature:                         | Benefit:  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Wide Thermal Process Window      | High Yields in Lead Free and Tin Lead Processes                   |
| Low Rosin Content                | Low Residues on Equipment and Soldering Pallets                   |
| Excellent Electrical Reliability | Meets IPC, Bellcore, JIS and Leading OEM Requirement              |
| Excellent Pin Testability        | High First Pass Yield in conjunction with In-Line Circuit Testing |
| Best in Class Hole Fill with OSP | High Yields with Lower Cost surface finish materials              |
| Broad Process Capability         | One flux for all common pad finishes and alloy types.             |
| Dual Alloy Capability            | Enables Use one flux for Lead-Free and Tin-Lead Production Lines  |
| Foam and Spray Flux Capable      | Easy to Implement with current process equipment                  |
|                                  |   |

#### **Performance Summary**

ALPHA EF-8000 is an alcohol-based no-clean, low rosin content wave soldering flux, designed to enable efficient conversion to lead-free soldering over a broad range of process conditions.

| Attribute              | Results  |
|------------------------|--|
| Hole Fill              | Best in Class Lead-Free.<br>Superior lead-free yields vs. best in class tin-lead process |
| Cosmetics              | Bright, shinny lead free joints; minimal amount of clear, colorless rosin residue.       |
| Resistance to Bridging | Superior vs. best in class lead-free offering  |
| Electrical Reliability | IPC, Bellcore, JIS and Major OEM Compliant   |
| Pin Testability        | >99.3% first pass yield SAC 305<br>99.9% first pass yield Sn 63                          |
| Equipment Maintenance  | Lower maintenance frequency vs. higher rosin formulations                                |



### **Enabling Lead Free Soldering**

**Hole Fill** 

| Flux/Alloy Combination   | EF-8000<br>SAC 305(1) | RF-800<br>Sn63(2) | EF-8000<br>SAC 305(1) | RF-800<br>Sn63(2) | EF-8000<br>SAC 305(1) | RF-800<br>Sn63(2) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
|                          | No Ref                |                   | One Ref               |                   | Two Ref               |                   |
| 10mil Ave. Hole Fill (%) | 92.6                  | 66.2              | 9.6                   | 0                 | 11                    | 0                 |
| 15mil Ave. Hole Fill (%) | 99.8                  | 99.4              | 9                     | 1.2               | 4.4                   | 0                 |
| 20mil Ave. Hole Fill (%) | 100                   | 95.6              | 31.2                  | 5.2               | 10                    | 8.0               |

SAKT Boards, OSP Finish, Dual Wave

- (1) 260°C Pot Temperature, 90° C Top Side Temperature
- (2) 245°C Pot Temperature, 85°C Top Side Temperature

Superior Hole Fill in Lead-Free Process vs. Best in Class Tin-Lead Combination with 0, 1 and 2 prior reflow cycles.



### **Enabling Lead Free Soldering**

Resistance to Bridging on Bottom-Side QFPs

| Flux/Alloy Combination | EF-8000     | RF-800   | EF-8000     | RF-800   | EF-8000     | RF-800   |
|------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
|                        | SAC 305 (1) | Sn63 (2) | SAC 305 (1) | Sn63 (2) | SAC 305 (1) | Sn63 (2) |
|                        | No Re       | flow     | One Re      | flow     | Two Re      | flows    |
| Bridges/per .8mm QFP   | 0.00        | 0.20     | 0.00        | 0.20     | 0.00        | 0.00     |
| Bridges/per .5mm QFP   | 20.20       | 22.80    | 18.40       | 19.00    | 25.60       | 27.40    |

SAKT Boards, OSP Finish, Dual Wave

- (1) 260°C Pot Temperature, 90° C Top Side Temperature
- (2) 245°C Pot Temperature, 85°C Top Side Temperature

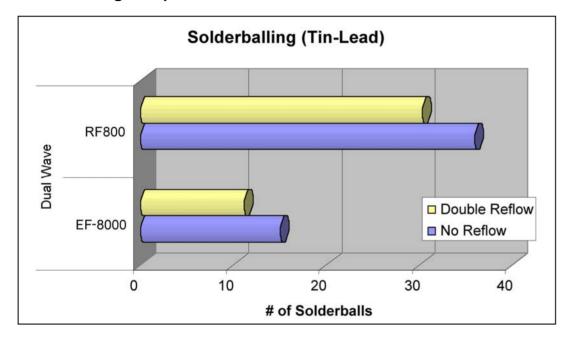
Increased Resistance to Bottom Side QFP Bridging in Lead-Free Process vs. Best in Class Tin-Lead Process.





**Tin-Lead Capability** 

Solderballing Comparison - Tin-Lead Process

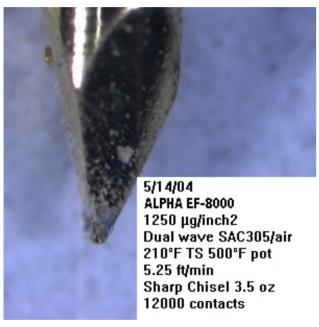


50% fewer solderballs observed on connectors processed with EF-8000 even after double reflow



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### **Excellent Pin Test Yields in Lead-Free and Tin Lead Applications**



99.3% <5 Ohms SAC 305



99.9% <5 Ohms Sn63/Pb37

- Minimal Rosin Pick Up on Test Probes after 12,000 Contacts
- Worry Free In Circuit Pin Testing

### Soldering Performance: Best in Class Resistance to Bridging

|                       | Bridges/Connector |                | Bridges/PGA     |                |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Flux Type             | No Prior Reflow   | 1 Prior Reflow | No Prior Reflow | 1 Prior Reflow |
| RF-800                | 3.23              | 0.93           | 0.40            | 0.00           |
| Leading<br>Competitor | 2.80              | 1.00           | 0.80            | 0.00           |
| EF-8000               | 2.43              | 0.67           | 0.20            | 0.00           |

SAKT Boards, OSP Finish, Dual Wave, SAC 305 @ 265°C, 1200µg/in2 flux solids loading

EF-8000 yields fewer solder bridges versus RF-800 and Leading Competitor in SAC 305



#### **Cosmetics**

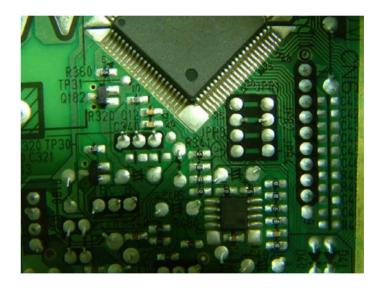
Flux Residue and Solder Joints

#### **Flux Residue Cosmetics:**

Clear, colorless, non-tacky flux residues uniformly spread over the surface of the board.

#### **Solder Joint Cosmetics:**

Smooth solder joints typical of both tin-lead and lead-free alloys



### **Application Guidelines**

| OPERATING PARAMETER  | SAC 305  | 63/37 Sn/Pb  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Amount of Flux Applied   | Spray: 1200 to 1600 μg/in <sup>2</sup> of solids/in <sup>2</sup> for dual wave and 1000 to 1200 μg/in <sup>2</sup> of solids/in <sup>2</sup> for single wave soldering | Spray: 1000 to 1200 mg/in <sup>2</sup> of solids/in <sup>2</sup> for dual wave and 600 to 900 mg/in <sup>2</sup> of solids/in <sup>2</sup> for single wave soldering |  |
| Top-Side Preheat Temperature   | 80-110°C   | 75-95°C  |  |
| Bottom side Preheat Temperature  | 0 to +40°F (0 to +22°C) vs. Top-Side   | 0 to +40°F (0 to +22°C) vs. Top-Side   |  |
| Recommended Preheat Profile  | Straight ramp to desired top-side temperature  | Straight ramp to desired top-side temperature  |  |
| Maximum Ramp Rate of Topside<br>Temperature (to avoid component<br>damage) | 2°C/second (3.5°F/second) maximum  | 2°C/second (3.5°F/second) maximum  |  |
| Conveyor Angle   | 5 - 8° (6° most common recommended by equipment manufacturers)   | 5 - 8° (6° most common recommended by equipment manufacturers)   |  |
| Conveyor Speed   | 1.5 – 2.0 meters/minute for single wave, 1.8 - 2.2 meters/minute for dual wave   | 1.5 – 2.0 meters/minute for single wave, 1.8 - 2.2 meters/minute for dual wave   |  |
| Contact Time in the Solder (includes Chip Wave and Primary Wave)           | 1.5 - 4.0 seconds (2 - 3 seconds most common)  | 1.5 - 4.0 seconds (2 - 3 seconds most common)  |  |
| Solder Pot Temperature:  | 255-265°C  | 240-250°C  |  |

These are general guidelines which have proven to yield excellent results; however, depending upon your equipment, components, and circuit boards, your optimal settings may be different. In order to optimize your process, it is recommended to perform a design experiment, optimizing the most important variables (amount of flux applied, conveyor speed, topside preheat temperature, solder pot temperature and board orientation).

### **Summary of Properties**

#### **Meets all Soldering Performance Requirements Using:**

- Entek® Plus and Rosin coated board finishes
- HASL, ENIG, Immersion Tin and Immersion Silver Pad Finishes
- FR4 and FR2 board types
- Taiyo PSR4000 and Enthone LPI solder masks

#### **Electrical Reliability**

- Meets Bellcore, IPC, JIS and Leading OEM Requirements
- JSTD-004 ROL0

#### **Process Applications**

- Tin Lead or Lead Free Alloys
- Spray or Foam Fluxing
- Reduced Equipment Maintenance vs. Higher Rosin Fluxes
- Compatible with Pallets/Selective Soldering



# EF-8000 Electrical Reliability

### **Corrosion and Electrical Testing**

#### **Corrosion Testing**

| Test   | Requirement for ROL0          | Results                  |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Silver Chromate Paper<br>IPC-TM 650 Test Method 2.3.33 | No detection of halide        | PASS                     |
| Copper Mirror Tests<br>IPC-TM 650 Test Method 2.6.15   | No complete removal of copper | PASS                     |
| Copper Corrosion Test<br>IPC-TM 650 Test Method 23.32  | No evidence of corrosion      | No Evidence of Corrosion |

#### J-STD-004 Surface Insulation Resistance

| Test  | Conditions          | Requirements                                | Results                  |  |
|---|---------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| "Comb-Down" Un-cleaned  | 85°C/85% RH, 7 days | $1.0 \times 10^8 \Omega$ minimum            | 9.2 x 10° Ω              |  |
| "Comb-Up" Un-cleaned  | 85°C/85% RH, 7 days | $1.0 \times 10^8 \ \Omega \ \text{minimum}$ | 1.0 x 10 <sup>10</sup> Ω |  |
| Control Boards  | 85°C/85% RH, 7 days | 2.0 x $10^8~\Omega$ minimum                 | 8.3 x 10 <sup>9</sup> Ω  |  |
| IPC Test Condition (per J-STD-004): -50V, measurement @ 100V/IPC B-24 board (0.4 mm lines, 0.5 mm spacing). |                     |   |                          |  |

# EF-8000 Electrical Reliability

### **Corrosion and Electrical Testing**

#### JIS Standard Surface Insulation Resistance

| Test   | Conditions          | Requirements                                    | Controls                             | Results                  |
|--|---------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Initial  | Ambient             | $1.0 \text{ x } 10^{11} \Omega \text{ minimum}$ | $1.0 \times 10^{11}  \Omega$ minimum | 1.0 x 10 <sup>12</sup> Ω |
| After 7 days   | 40°C / 90% RH       | $1.0 \times 10^{10} \Omega$ minimum             | $1.0 \times 10^{11} \Omega$ minimum  | 2.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> Ω |
| Recovered  | 25°C/75% RH, 7 days | $1.0 \times 10^{11}  \Omega$ minimum            | $2.0 \times 10^{11} \Omega$ minimum  | 1.0 x 10 <sup>12</sup> Ω |
| All Measurements @ 100V, JIS Boards (0.32 mm lines, 0.32 mm spacing, same as IPC B25 Boards) |                     |   |                                      |                          |

#### **Bellcore Surface Insulation Resistance**

| Test  | Conditions          | Requirements                        | Results                  |  |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| "Comb-Down" Un-cleaned  | 35°C/85% RH, 5 days | $1.0 \times 10^{11} \Omega$ minimum | 3.9 x 10 <sup>11</sup> Ω |  |
| "Comb-Up" Un-cleaned  | 35°C/85% RH, 5 days | $1.0 \times 10^{11} \Omega$ minimum | 2.5 x 10 <sup>1</sup> Ω  |  |
| Control Boards  | 35°C/85% RH, 5 days | $2.0 \times 10^{11} \Omega$ minimum | 9.2 x 10 <sup>11</sup> Ω |  |
| Bellcore Test Condition (per GR 78-CORE, Issue 1: 48 Volts, measurement @ 100V/25 mil lines/50 mil spacing. |                     |                                     |                          |  |

### **Technical Specifications**

| Physical Properties            | Typical Values            | Parameters/Test Method      | Typical Values |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Appearance                     | Clear, Pale Yellow Liquid | pH, 5% w/w aqueous solution | 3.1            |
| Solids Content, wt/wt          | 6.0                       | Recommended Thinner         | ALPHA 425      |
| Specific Gravity @ 25°C (77°C) | 0.806                     | Shelf Life                  | 12 months      |
| Acid Number (mg KOH/g)         | 27.0                      | IPC J-STD-004 Designation   | ROL0           |
| Flash Point (T.C.C.)           | 17°C                      |                             |                |



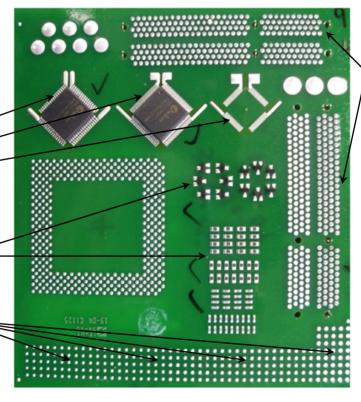
#### Test Vehicle Used: Cookson's SAKT Board

Designed to Differentiate Flux
Performance Through Forced Failure
of Through Hole Fill, Connector
Bridging and Bottom Side Component
Skips and Bridges

.80mm, .65mm and .50mm pitch bottom side QFP's-Designed to create solder bridges

Bottom Side Passives to Evaluate Dual-Wave vs. Single Wave Performance

0.25mm, 0.37mm, 0.5mm and 1.0mm through holes



Edge Connectors in the X and Y direction (No Solder Thieves)

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The SAKT board can be fabricated single sided or double sided, and finished with organic solder preservative, HASL, immersion tin, immersion silver or ENIG finishes.

